STATUS:

## Penstemon palmeri A. Gray var. macranthus (Eastwood [1905]) N. Holmgren

## LAHONTAN BEARDTONGUE

**FAMILY:** Scrophulariaceae, the figwort family.

**SYNONYMS:** Penstemon macranthus

Transition is berophinariaeeae, the figwort family

Heritage Program SENSITIVE LIST, ranks: G4G5 T2? S2?

USFWS/ESA: none. STATE OF NEVADA: none. BLM: none. USFS: none. NNNPS: watch list.

**POPULATION CENSUS: 4 occurrences mapped**; total estimated **individuals unknown**, total estimated **area unknown**. **TREND:** unknown.

IMPACTS AND MAJOR THREATS: Primary threat is possible hybridization with the widely planted var. palmeri.

**INVENTORY EFFORT:** Inventory just beginning. Most recent entered survey 1980, average year of last survey 1979. **Years since last entered survey** (percent of mapped records at various survey ages): **21-30 yrs:** 100%.

**LAND MANAGEMENT** in decreasing predominance: U. S. Bureau of Land Management, private lands, Nevada state lands (?).

**RANGE:** Churchill, Lander (?), Nye, and Pershing counties, Nevada. U.S.A., Nevada, west-central part of state. **Nevada endemic.** Maximum **range dimension 60.3 km (37.5 mi)** excluding most disjunct record. **Type specimen** collected in Churchill County.

ELEVATIONS RECORDED: 3428-4550 feet (1045-1387 meters).

**HABITAT:** Along washes, roadsides and canyon floors, particularly on carbonate-containing substrates, usually where subsurface moisture is available throughout most of the summer. Unknown if restricted to calcareous substrates.

**PHENOLOGY:** flowering late-spring, May-July (August). Type specimen collected 15 June. Range of most frequent survey months: May-June.

LIFE-FORM AND HABIT: robust perennial herb.

**DESCRIPTION:** Tall perennial herb with wand-like stems and showy pink tubular flowers with darker markings. **Distinguishing features:** Showy pink flowers are largest of any beardtongue in its range. Corolla tube 7-8 mm long and upper leaves not always connate distinguishes var. macranthus from var. palmeri.

PHOTOGRAPHS: none known.

**ILLUSTRATIONS:** Cronquist et al. (1984).

OTHER GENERAL REFERENCES (listed separately): Kartesz (1987).

**SPECIFIC REFERENCES:** 

Eastwood, A. 1905. New species of western plants. Bulletin of the Torrey Botanical Club 32: 193-218. Holmgren, N. H. 1979. Nomenclatural changes in some intermountain penstemons (Scrophulariaceae). Brittonia 31: 104-107.